

# The Caledonian

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH,

# The Mercury. No. 10,324.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10. 1787.

Edinburgh College, November 10. 1787.  
MR ROBERT DICK, ADVOCATE,  
Professor of Civil Law, begins a Course of Lectures  
on Justinian's Institutions and Pandects, in English, upon the  
10th of November instant.—And will, in time coming, finish  
the Pandects each session, without dividing them into two  
parts, as formerly.

## MIDWIFERY.

ON Wednesday the 14th of November, at four o'clock  
afternoon, Mr John Bell will begin a Course of Lectures  
on MIDWIFERY, in the Hall of the Royal College  
of Surgeons.

His Lying-in Ward, Fetter-row, will then be open for  
the reception of Pregnant Women.

Saturday, Nov. 10. 1787.

This day is Published,

A NEW Edition, being the sixth,  
(With a HEAD and some ACCOUNT of the AUTHOR,) In two Vols 8vo. Price 10s. bound,

Sermons by the late Rev. George Carter,  
Senior Clergyman of the English Episcopal Con-  
gregation of Edinburgh.

Printed for C. ELLIOT, Edinburgh; and C. ELLIOT, T.  
KAY, and Co. opposite Somerset-House, Strand, London.  
Of whom may be had, just Published,

1. Sermons by the late Rev. Robert Walker of Edinburgh, three vols 8vo. price 15s. in boards.

2. Sermons by the Rev. John Spence at Orwall, 8vo. price 5s. bound.

3. Sermons by the Rev. John Steele at Stair, 8vo. price 5s. bound.

4. Sermons by the Rev. David Lamont, D. D. Chaplain to the Prince of Wales, vol. 2d, 8vo. 5s. in boards.

5. Sermons by the late Rev. Thomas Gordon at Speymouth, two vols 8vo. price 10s. in boards.

6. Sermons by the late Rev. Dr Peterson of Aberdeen, 8vo. price 6s. in boards.

7. The Rev. Dr Duncan's Devout Communicant's Affiliant, or the Nature and End of the Lord's Supper Explained, &c. 5s. 6d. bound.

This Day is Published. price 2s. 6d.

NO. I.

## OF A NEW GEOGRAPHICAL GRAMMAR,

### AND COMPLETE GAZETTEER;

Upon an improved, enlarged, and scientific plan.  
Embellished and illustrated with eleven whole sheet Maps,  
and other Engravings accommodated to this Work.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED.

THE ELEMENTS OF CHRONOLOGY;  
And a copious List of remarkable Events, with their date  
from the earliest account of time to the present.

By WILLIAM GORDON,

Author of the Universal Accountant, and Master of the  
Ten Sheets, and will make a large  
print for the Author; Martin & McDowell,  
and J. Bell, engravers, by whom, and by all the book  
sellers in Britain, subscriptions are taken in.

### SCOTCH CARPETS.

JAMES DEWAR, opposite to the Croft, Edinburgh, begs  
leave to inform the public, That he has just now received  
a large Addition to his assortment of SCOTCH CARPETS,  
which he continues to sell on account of the Manufacturers,  
at lower prices than any ever offered for sale here.

The approbation these goods have already met with, is a  
proof of their being superior in quality, colours and patterns,  
to any ever made in this country before. They are manufactured  
from yarn spun on the newly erected woollen mill,  
at Dalnottar, near Glasgow. A few of the ready-money re-  
tail prices, are as under, v. i. z.

Length Carpets, yard wide, black 2 from 2s. 2d. to 2s. 9d.  
ground, common colours, per yard.

Ditto, ditto, black ground, in 2 from 2s. 9d. to 3s. 2d.  
grained colours, per yard.

Ditto, ditto, green, mulberry, and colour, at 3s. 2d.  
ground, grained colours, per yard.

Three-ply Carpets, a new 3 from 3s. 6d. to 4s.  
article, per yard.

Wholesale and Export Orders execute on the lowest terms.

J. DEWAR most respectfully begs leave to inform his  
Friends, that by the 1st of December next, he will have re-  
ceived a complete assortment of WINTER GOODS, viz.  
Superfine and Fancy Cloths of the most fashionable colours  
and patterns, elegant Velvet and Satin Vell Shapes for drap-  
pings, Caskets, Pillows, Vell and Breeches Stuffs of  
all kinds: also a great variety of Hats, Stockings, Linens,  
Scotch and French Cambricks.

### Mahogany for Sale at Leith.

TO be SOLD by auction or private bargain, as purchasers  
shall incline, upon Monday the 19th November 1787,  
within Mr. William Sibbald and Company's yard, at twelve  
o'clock forenoon.

A quantity of very fine Jamaica and Honduras MAHO-  
GANY in Logs and Planks, found, and of good lengths and  
breads, most of them being from nine to twelve feet long,  
and from twenty to thirty inches broad, and all of an ex-  
cellent quality; to be put up in lots. Articles of roup in the  
hands of John Walker merchant, Leith, who will show the  
Mahogany betwixt and the day of sale.

N. B. J. WALKER buys and sells all kinds of merchandise  
on commission, and receives and forwards goods addressed to  
his care with the greatest dispatch, and upon the most  
moderate charge.

### Borrowstounness Canal Navigation.

THAT on Friday the 20th instant, a Quarterly General  
Meeting of the Borrowstounness Canal Proprietors,  
is to be held at the Duke of Hamilton's Arms Tavern there,  
at eleven o'clock forenoon.

As at this Meeting, business of importance is to be under  
their consideration; and also, as a member of the Committee  
is to be elected in place of James Addison, Esq; deceased,  
it is entered that as many of the Noblemen and Gentlemen  
from the country will attend, as can do so with convenience  
Borrowstounness, 8th November 1787.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

### THE BETSEY of DUNBAR,

(A NEW SMACK.)

WILLIAM MILLER Master,

Is now lying in Leith harbour, taking in  
goods for London, and will sail the 17th  
November current.

This vessel sails remarkably fast, and has elegant accom-  
modation for passengers, who will meet with the best usage.

For freight and passage, apply to the Captain at his house,  
Precious Close, or Robert Hewat, Alexander's Land, Shore  
of Leith.

## TEMPLE OF HEALTH!

Near the King's Palace in London.

A few of the broken fragments and ruins that were pre-  
served at the dissolution of the very magnificent  
TEMPLE OF HEALTH in London, are now erected for  
Sale, Middle Entry of the Third House, on the South  
Bridge, a few doors from the High Street, Edinburgh, where  
they will be exhibited for a short time previous to the sale  
of them, which will very soon commence, without the sale  
of any one article, as the prices marked on each, and  
in the catalogue.

As this exhibition of Architecture, Statuary, Busts, Figures,  
Gilt Carvings, Paintings, Prints, Engravings, and of  
Electrical and other Machinery; in some of the fine, and of  
the useful Arts and Sciences, excels in design and in brilliancy,  
notwithstanding its present mutilated and miserable  
state, perhaps any public spectacle that ever was exhibited  
in Scotland, the sale of the very rich and unique articles  
which compose it, will not commence till the public curiosity  
of seeing it for a week or two has been gratified, at the very  
small expense of One Shilling each person's admission.

This regulation, the friends of the Proprietor consider as  
indispensably necessary, to prevent the very small rooms  
from being continually over-crowded with, perhaps, impro-  
per company.

N. B. The exhibition will commence on Tuesday next,  
the 13th instant, and will be continued daily, from Ten in  
the morning, till Eight at night. Ladies and Gentlemen  
of real taste, who delight to view it in the full lustre and  
splendor of its Celestial brilliancy, are advised to come when  
the sun shines bright, between One and Three in the after-  
noon, or in the full blaze of the artificial illumination from  
Five till Eight o'clock in the evening.

Grocery Warehouse, Edinburgh,

October 27, 1787.

MR THOMSON takes this method to inform his cor-  
respondents both in town and country, that his busi-  
ness in future will be carried on under the firm of Alexander  
Thomson and Son.

He returns thanks to his numerous correspondents for  
former favours, and informs them, that the exertions of the  
Company shall always be studied to have their goods of the  
best qualities, and from the first markets; and as their goods  
are mostly of their own importation, the public may depend  
upon being served on reasonable terms.

They have just now on hand a large and well assorted  
stock of all kinds of Grocery Goods, Wines, and Spirits of  
the best quality. And from the September sales, the follow-  
ing are the prices of their TEAS, viz.

per lb.	per lb.
Very Best Hyson, 0 9 0	Best Congou, 0 5 0
Good ditto, 0 8 0	Good ditto, 0 4 6
Ordinary ditto, 0 6 0	Ditto, 0 4 0
Fine Souchong, 0 6 0	Ordinary, 0 3 6
Fine ditto, 0 5 6	Ditto, 0 3 0
	Bohea, 0 1 0

Orders addressed as above, will be properly attended to.

N. B. Two Apprentices wanted immediately. Also, a  
ware-house.

### NEW FRUITS, &c.

JUST arrived from Malaga, in the Peggy, George Skinner  
Master, a cargo of NEW FRUITS, of a good quality,  
and at moderate prices.

Sun Raisins 3 in casks.  
Lexia Raisins 3 in casks.  
Malaga Figs 3 in boxes.  
Muscatele Raisins 3 in boxes.  
Bloom Raisins 3 in boxes.  
Jordan Almonds 3 in boxes.  
Valencia Almonds 3 in boxes.

White Wine Grapes in jars.

Lemons in shells and half shells, high topped.

### ZANT CURRAN'S.

### SPANISH SHAG BASSES.

### MOUNTAIN WINES.

Apply to Walker, Thomson, and Company, Edinburgh,  
or to David Liddell, at their Warehouse, Kirkgate, Leith,  
where as usual, may be had, Wines of the best quality.

### NEW FRUIT.

JUST arrived from Malaga, in the Ann, Captain Malon,  
Master, a cargo of NEW FRUIT, consisting of

Sun Raisins 3 in casks and baskets.  
Lexia ditto 3 in casks and baskets.  
Bloom ditto 3 in boxes and jars.

Wine Grapes in jars.

Jordan Almonds 3 in casks and boxes.

Valencia ditto 3 in caskets and boxes.

Figs in casks.

Lemons 3 in caskets and boxes.

China Oranges 3 in caskets and boxes.

Shrimps in bags.

Orders addressed to Messrs. John Thomson and Company,  
or Thomas Waugh, Leith, will be carefully executed.

N. B. Merchants may be supplied with half new Zant  
currants in boxes or small casks, by applying to Thomas  
Waugh as above.

### FRENCH BRANDY.

RAMSAY, WILLIAMSON, and COMPANY, Leith,  
have for Sale, a cargo of BRANDY imported by  
them direct from Conice.

They sell no less quantity than a Pipe.

### AT GREENOCK FOR OPORTO, The Brigantine NIMROD,

THOMAS RITCHIE Master,

For freight, apply to Archibald Campbell  
merchant, Greenock.

Nov. 10. 1787.

### Sale of a Danish Vessel,

Stranded on the Island Sanday, in Orkney.

TO be SOLD by public rump, before the Vice Admiral  
Depute of Orkney, at Kirkwall, the 23rd day of November next,

The Danish Ship

WINDSKIBELYCKHYT,

Burden about 600 tons, built eight  
years ago, on the British construction,  
all oak and remarkably strong,

together with all her materials. The vessel lies at high-water  
mark, on a sandy beach on the east side of the island of  
Sanday; her larboard side is quite sound, and her starboard  
side a little bulged; and it is believed she can be taken off at  
a small expense. The materials are all in good order, she  
having been completely fitted out for the West India trade.

The inventory of the materials and conditions of sale to  
be seen in the Admiralty Court at Kirkwall, and in the  
hands of the captain; and the materials themselves may be  
seen by applying to Captain Dunc, on board the vessel, any  
time previous to the day of sale.

## FACTOR.

Kirkcaldy, Oct. 31. 1787.

JOHN HOGG, manager for the brewery of Mr Andrew  
Cowan and Company, of this place, begs leave to ac-  
quaint his Friends and the Public, that at Martians next  
he is to commence business for himself here, chiefly in the  
commission or factor line.

From the central situation in a populous neighbourhood,  
he fattens himself with the hopes of serving his employer,  
either in buying or selling such articles as may be in demand,  
particularly in the corn-trade, or any other branch of business  
he may be intrusted with.

## WHISKY.

WANTED about Ten Thousand Gallons of WHISKY,  
distilled from Malt, to be delivered within six weeks  
from this date.

Proposals for furnishing the above, or any part thereof, may  
be addressed to GRAHAM, MILNE, and CO. Glasgow.

5th November, 1787.

## NOTICE TO MARINERS.

By Order of the Commissioners appointed by act of Parliament, for  
erecting Four Light Houses, in the Northern Parts of Great  
Britain.

A LIGHT HOUSE is now erected, with Lamp and Re-  
flectors, on Kinnaird Castle, at Kinnaird Head,  
near Fraserburgh, in the county of Aberdeen;—latitude, 57  
deg. 42 m. and longitude, 1d. 20 m. west of London; Cairn-  
bulb from the Light House bearing S. E. and Troup Point  
W. N. W.

The Lantern is 120 feet above the Level of the sea, at  
high water, and will be seen from S. E. from W. N. W. and  
intermediate points of the Companys on the north of these  
two points.

The Lantern will be lighted on the 1st day of December  
next.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, Nov. 6.  
Whitehall, Nov. 6.

THE King has been pleased to order a Congregation to pass the Great Seal, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Hereford to elect a Bishop of that See, void by the death of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor James Beauclerk, (commonly called Lord James Beauclerk) late Bishop thereof; and his Majesty has also been pleased, by his Royal Sign Manual, to recommend the Honourable and Reverend Doctor John Harley, Dean of his Majesty's Chapel Royal in the Castle of Windsor, to be by them chosen Bishop of that See.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Barker, Doctor in Divinity, Master of Christ's College, in the University of Cambridge, to the living of the Rectory and parish church of Waddingham, St Mary's and St Peter's, with the Chapel of Somerby, in the county and diocese of Lincoln, void by the death of the Reverend Robert Carter Thelwall.

Commission signed by his Majesty for the Army in Ireland, dated Aug. 31. 1787.

5th Regiment of dragoons, Lieutenant John Campbell, from 20th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Curtis, exchanged.

14th Regiment of dragoons, Lieutenant John Warren to be Captain, vice Cane, resigned. Cornet Morwyn Archall to be Lieutenant.

12th Regiment of dragoons, Mr Thomas Grey to be Cornet, vice Jephcott, promoted.

11th Battalion of Royals, Ensign John Clunes, from half-pay of the late 98th foot, to be Ensign, vice Foulerton, exchanged.

24th Regiment of foot, Mr Charles Downes Bradford to be Ensign, vice Christmas, promoted. Ensign William Kelly, from 22nd foot, to be Ensign, vice Meyrick, promoted.

46th Regiment of foot, Ensign Edward Mocker to be Lieutenant, vice Neal, resigned. Mr Jackson Wray Atkinson to be Ensign.

49th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Thomas Fowles Luttrell to be Captain, vice Maxwell, resigned. Ensign Henry Whitehall Sackett to be Lieutenant. Mr W. White to be Ensign.

70th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant William Curtis, from 6th dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Campbell, exchanged.

Commission dated the 30th of September, 1787.

3rd Regiment of dragoons, Lieutenant Richard Cooke to be Captain, vice Hunt, resigned. Cornet Edward Witherspoon to be Lieutenant. Mr W. Cooke to be Surgeon, vice Archer, resigned.

8th Regiment of dragoons, Lieutenant Alexander Maclean, from 63d foot, to be Captain, vice Blackwood, resigned. Cornet William Whaley, from 1st horse, to be Lieutenant, vice Conyers, resigned.

20th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Lloyd to be Captain, vice Kemble, resigned. Ensign W. P. Berry to be Lieutenant. Mr Edward Blennerhassett to be Ensign.

28th Regiment of foot, Ensign the Honourable Charles Colville to be Lieutenant, vice Brown, resigned. Mr Francis Moore to be Ensign.

52d Regiment of foot, Ensign John Hadden Robertson, from half-pay of late 11th battalion of 73d regiment, to be Ensign, vice Gildes, exchanged.

64th Regiment of foot, Ensign William Pringle to be Lieutenant, vice Wood, resigned. Mr Richard Burnell to be Ensign. Lieutenant Thomas Joseph Backhouse to be Adjutant, vice Pringle, resigned.

Commission dated the 19th of October, 1787.

9th Regiment of foot, Captain James Murray to be Captain. Lieutenant John Piercy to be Captain. Lieutenant Thomas Dean to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Murray. Ensign Alexander Jackson to be Lieutenant, vice Jackson to be Ensign. Mr W. B. Buxton to be Ensign, vice Duff. Honourable Mr Wesley to be Ensign, vice Dafzell.

48th Regiment of foot, Mr Ralph Gore to be Ensign.

49th Regiment of foot, Ensign James Mahony to be Lieutenant. Right Honourable Lord Aylmer to be Ensign, vice Mahony.

L. O. Y. D. S. LIST, — Nov. 6.  
CAPTAIN Hill, of the Jenny, from Leith, spoke the Sicks, Bailey, of Hull, in lat. 43° 58' long. 9° 43' all well.

The Daniel, Powel, from London to Bristol, is lost near Margate.

The Christiana Frederick, Neilson, from No. Bergen to Leith, is lost on the Kentish Knock; most of the crew drowned.

The Ann and Elizabeth, Moyse, from Plymouth to London, is lost near Margate; cargo landing.

The Elizabeth, King, of and from Pool to Newcastle, is totally lost at Ramsgate. A brig and a sloop are on shore near Margate.

The Nelly, Burn, from Leith to Memel, is wrecked at Wigan.

The Garland, Gregory, from London to Seville, is lost near Sardinian Castle.

The Biloxi Packet, Afelago, from London to Bilbao, is on shore on Deal Beach, and it is feared will be lost.

The Fanny, Webley, from London to Africa, was spoke the 21st ult. by the Pr. of Asturias, McCarthy, in lat. 38° 36' N. long. 12° 40' W. all well.

Captain Strong, of the Prince George, spoke the Montgomery, Bunyan, from London to New York, in lat. 44° long. 30° out 14 days, all well.

The Rose, Keppard, from Newcastle to Sandwich, is sunk in Pegwell Bay.

Captain Paupier, of the Princeps Royal, from Zant, spoke the Lark, Smith, of Pool from Newfoundland to Ancona, about thirty-five leagues westward of Lisbon, and had borne up for that place in distress, having lost her mainmast.

M A I L S.  
Arrived—Ireland, 4.—New-York, 1.  
Duc.—Holland, 1.—Flanders, 1.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, Nov. 7.

Constantinople, Sept. 22. The Porte does not retract her promise of generous treatment towards M. de Bulgakov, who has obtained permission to hold correspondence with his friends; but this privilege he must exercise with great precaution, since the Turks consider themselves justifiable in breaking the seals of whatever letters they are desirous to inspect.

Leghorn, Oct. 12. According to the depositions of the several ships arrived here, there are eight Barbary corsairs, supposed from Tunis, in the river of Piombino.

Aubourg, Oct. 16. Letters from Cronstadt say, that orders are received from Peterburgh for arming with all expedition a ship of sixty guns, and two frigates, for the purpose of conveying a fleet of merchantmen into the Mediterranean, and protecting the vessels against the Barbary corsairs.

Letters from Berlin and Hamburg declare war between Sweden and Russia to be inevitable; they

add, that in the interview at Kaminiuk, it was agreed, that Poland should provide 30,000 troops in case of hostility with the Porte, and that by way of compensation the Republic should be put in possession of Moldavia.

Venice, Oct. 20. They write from Laybach, that the Prince Bishop of that city, of the family of Herkstein, died there the 7th of this month, in consequence of a long and painful illness, in the 69th year of his age.

Venice, Oct. 15. We hear from Constantinople, that the 24th of September was a joyful day for the Porte and the inhabitants of that place. In the morning they saw at the entrance of the canal a ship of the line, with Russian colours, which the Turks easily took, it being entirely dismasted, and all the crew, consisting of 800 men, were made prisoners of war.

The Russians immediately went under a fort of interrogation, in which they related the misfortune which had happened to them. It seems this vessel, which they say is the Admiral's ship, of 80 guns, made part of the squadron which sailed from the Crimea to cruise in the Black Sea, and attack the Ottoman fleet. In the night of the 23d inst. the Russian squadron met with a terrible tempest, which dispersed them towards the Asiatic coast, and destroyed a ship of 50 guns, and most of the crew were drowned. The Admiral's ship was obliged to give itself up to the mercy of the waves, which had driven it as far as the canal, notwithstanding all the efforts of the crew to escape that danger. It had already passed under the guns of some forts and batteries, when the Captain, at break of day, perceived the bad situation he was in; seeing it was impossible to escape with the ship by returning back, he resolved to set fire to it, and blow himself up with his people; this, however, the crew opposed by force, refusing rather to submit to the Turks, who were running in crowds to seize the ship. By good luck, a little before the tempest, the Russian Admiral left his ship, and went on board a frigate, that he might the better discover the enemy, so that he was not among the prisoners, who, they say, were treated (contrary to the usual custom of the Turks) with great humanity.

This misfortune is a fresh proof, that as long as the Russians have no port on the Asiatic coast, their navigation on the Black Sea will be of no use to them. As for the rest, this piece of good fortune has confounded the Turks for the mischief done likewise by a tempest to the Ottoman fleet from Ocakow, of which four gallions and two ships of the line have been so much damaged that they could not proceed. Notwithstanding the joy the Ottoman Minister has shewn for the misfortune which has happened to the Russian, he has justified no less iniquity for the sake of his own fleet, which failed some days before for the Red Sea.

L O N D O N, — Nov. 7.

This day there was a levee at St James's, and afterwards a Council, at which a few of the Cabinet only attended.

This being the Duke of Cumberland's birthday, it was publicly kept at his Royal Highness and Duke of York were among the number.

The Prince of Wales and the Duke of York will also visit Windsor to-morrow, to be present at the celebration of the Prince Augustus's birthday—there will be a ball at the Castle to a party of the first selection, but very private in all respects.

The Prince of Wales has fixed on Thursday for his departure to the hospitable roof at Mitley.—Mr Rigby will be also honoured with the presence of the Duke of York, at the same time.—Courting and shooting will be the morning engagements.

Notwithstanding the prorogation of Parliament to the 27th instant, then to meet, as stated, for the dispatch of business, we have great reason to suppose that a further delay will take place, and to a period so remote as Tuesday the 22d of January.

The Parliament of Ireland will not meet for the dispatch of public business till after Christmas next.

Mr Sheridan is now employed in preparing two extensive and important plans to lay before Parliament the ensuing Session. The one a commercial arrangement with the sister Kingdom of Ireland; and the other, a mode of effectually recruiting our navy in time of war, without having recourse to the disagreeable system of impressing.

Mr Eden, if not prevented by any intervening affairs, is now on his way to Madrid.

The report of the French having deceived us in the late Treaty, by having 20 sail of the line ready for sea last January, and being therefore entitled to keep the same establishment at present, is, we can assure the public, without foundation. An exact account of what ships both powers had at that period was so well known to each Court, that no deception in that respect could have been practised on either.

The defensive alliance with England and Prussia, which the States of Utrecht have moved for, and which will undoubtedly be acceded to by the other Provinces, is a more severe blow to the French than they have yet felt. In fact, their former treaty with the Dutch, while in a state of faction, may be considered as no longer of effect; the terms of any defensive alliance with England annihilates it at once; a circumstance which, some time ago, would have drawn very high language from the French Court.

It is imagined, that the six Scots regiments in the service of the Dutch, will be revived. The Stadholder must necessarily, to secure his power, have an additional military force, and he will chuse to have them foreigners, either British or Swiss. The most practicable means of doing this will be to revive the source to which the people have been so long accustomed. The six Scots regiments, consisting of 4000 men, will therefore in all probability be taken again on the Dutch establishment, subject to the call of Britain.—In this measure, we are likely to concur, as thereby we in truth add 4000 men to our army, without the unpopularity or expense of such addition.

Yesterday morning, about half past seven o'clock, the Purser of the London homeward bound East Indiaman, Captain Laisterbrook, came to the East India House with the agreeable news of the above ship's being arrived in the Downs from Coast and China.

By a private letter from Amsterdam we are informed, that, by an exact account of the returns made of the Prussian army two days after the investment of the city, there appeared killed and missing 1200 privates and three officers.

We have the pleasure to acquaint the public, that by the last ships from Boston, and other parts of America, large remittances in cash have been received by several of our merchants as part of the balances of the last war.

The promotion of Dean Harley to the See of Hereford, gives all the provincial power which the Oxford family could wish. The Earl, the Bishop, and the Alderman, will now have their own way in their own county.

The late Bishop of London was not quite seventy-seven. He was born in 1711. Winchester was the school which has the boast of breeding this very learned and virtuous man. From thence he was removed on the same foundation to New College, Oxford.

His fame for classical accomplishments, and Oriental literature, was there soon, and greatly established; and was never unaccompanied with credit, yet more enviable, of private worth and manners at once delicate and brave!

These were such recommendations as were sure to force their way with those who were themselves most commendable.

The hereditary virtue of the Cavendishes is not more certain, than their lineal readiness to distinguish the virtue of others. Mr Lowth was chosen as the tutor of the Duke of Devonshire. He went abroad with him, and brought home such a return, as was to be expected from kindred honour, and well deserved.

There was at that time a Mr Leslie, with the same eagerness to get into Ireland as Lowth had to get out of it. He agreed to accept Kilmore, Lowth succeeding to what he relinquished, a prebend of Durham, and the rectory of Sedgefield. Butler was then Bishop of Durham; and when he collated Lowth to these preferments, he expressed well-natured exultation on this double gratification of mutual wishes—and perhaps allowably with a secret preference to superior talents! To this Leslie's plea who can help being partial? And how is the jurisdiction of a bishop to get more favourably distinguished, than by all his *ostensible favours* being possessed by distinguished men!

Such was the good effect of the first kindness from the Duke of Devonshire; but it was not the last.—Merit, when to be required by the meritorious, is sure of no penurious reward. In the administration formed by the late Duke of Cumberland, Lowth's friends participating largely, he was the first bishop that they made.—On the bench of bishops comparative care.—Though his first bishopric was St David's.—He went to Oxford in 1767—and in April 1777, when London lost Bishop Terwick, he was succeeded by Dr Lowth.

Lowth entered on this high office, with expectations singularly splendid. He brought with him a literary character of the first order, to decorate the diocese; and he promised to serve it, as Terwick had done, with temper and discretion, both most exemplary; with the same amiable manners, with the same most useful zeal.

These expectations he did not disappoint. He was as good at his word.—He could not be better. Not one of his predecessors ever had claim to more merit, and was more spontaneously devoted to the claims of deserving men. His patronage need have no more said about it, than that it provided for two such men as Dr Hoyle and Mr Eaton.

His literary character is better known from its own efforts, than by any thing now to be said about it. Few men attempted so much, and with more success. A victory, and on the right side, over such an adversary as Warburton, is no small distinction. His triumphs in Hebrew learning were yet more gratifying. But perhaps the most enviable, as the most useful, achievements of his labours, are what refer to his own language. His own language owes to him what nothing said in it can ever pay—the first *Institutes of Grammar*—And, in his translation of Isaiah, the *sublime poetry in the world*.

He conversed with lettered elegance. His taste in the arts was very refined; and of the objects in which the imagination loves to revel, *landscape scenery* appeared to interest him most.

His temper was quickly sympathetic, but more susceptible of sorrow than joy. On provocations that led to anger, his emotions were rather hasty; and it was to the praise of his discipline, rather than his nature, that they never held him too fast, nor hurried him too far.

Through various struggles of duty and trial, no evidence of manhood could be finer—whether suffered or subdued.—His lamentations on his daughter's tomb will be cherished every where, till pathetic elegance shall be no more. When his other daughter dropped in sudden death at his tea table, and his only son, with all that scholarship and honour could do for him, was given prematurely to the grave, he exemplified the resources which God has given to man, when man is *to sorrow, not without hope*."

To glory in infirmity is, if not vain, boasting painful pre-eminence. Yet if ever infirmity had such mitigation in their cause, there were those of the excellent person we now lament. His mental visitations arose chiefly from the extreme tenderness of his heart. His bodily ailments, *Tis* can prove; were those which follow from being studious overmuch.

Such seems to be, on a summary view, the leading points of this very conspicuous object. Where

an object brightens with such unusual lustre, it is not useless to admire. To imitate, would be very useful indeed.

This morning died in Drury-lane, in the 104th year of her age, Mrs Alchone, who several years since was known about as the *long woman*.

The words of the notice in the Gazette of Saturday relative to the prorogation of Parliament, then to meet for the dispatch of business, militates not at all against a further prorogation, if the Minister finds it necessary, they being only words of course; though often out of course.

We have undoubtedly good authority for acquainting the public, that there will positively be no loan this year.

Whatever may be the assigned reason for postponing the meeting of Parliament to the 27th inst. it answers a stock-jobbing purpose, for the meeting is thereby made subsequent to the settling day, and by that means the *continuance* is kept up and guarded against all the consequences of the discoveries likely to be made by the inquisitive and penetrating spirits in the Lower House.

Mr Cambray, during his stay at Edinburgh, last summer, was engaged by Mr Jackson to return to him, and perform at his theatre, the ensuing winter. Mr Cambray is not yet gone as was reported, and we understand, will perform the character of Macbeth for his own benefit, on the 16th; after which he will set out for Edinburgh, at which place the season does not commence till the latter end of this month.

We hear from Anglesea, that the proprietors of the copper-works there have adopted a plan recommended to them by an eminent chemist, to make copperas from their refuse liquor, which will be an immense saving. Our correspondent further informs us, that this liquor, which has hitherto been allowed to run to waste, is in very great abundance, and will supply such a quantity of this article, and upon such easy terms, as to interfere most essentially with the interests of the copperas works already established in this kingdom.

By accounts received yesterday, at Lloyd's Coffee-house, we learn, that great damage has been lately done among the shipping on the coast of Kent, and up the Baltic. Many vessels have been shipwrecked, particularly about Ramsgate and Margate.

Extract of a letter from Ramsgate, Nov. 3.  
" Last night we had a very heavy gale of wind, which proved fatal to several vessels. (See *Lloyd's List*.)

" On Sunday night a boat from Margate went off to a brig that ran aground in Westgate Bay on Friday night, in order to bring part of the cargo on shore; the boat sunk on her return, being too deeply laden, by which Thomas Shinglerton, of Margate, and his son, were drowned; the other three men were taken up alive by another boat, and brought safe to shore. The said brig was laden with starch, blue, grocery, &c."

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Nov. 5.  
" This morning Vice Admiral Lord Hood, having lapped it will continue during his Lordship's command here.—Orders are come down for those ships of the fleet belonging to Plymouth and Chatham to sail the first favourable wind for their respective ports. Every post is expected to bring orders for the ships, formerly guardships in this harbour, to take their old moorings.—Neither Admirals Sir F. Drake, or Sir Edmund Affleck, have yet struck their flags, though it is daily looked for."

" Saturday last being the birth day of the Queen of Naples, the two Neapolitan frigates at Spithead dressed ship, and fired a salute on the occasion, which was returned by Lord Hood, in the triumph.



### Freehold Qualification in Angus.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 15th day of November 1787, at five o'clock afternoon,  
THE SUPERIORITY of the Lands of KEITHOCK and TURFACHY, lying within the sheriffdom of Forfar. The above lands are valued in the Cess-books of the county at 433 l. 6 s. 8 d.

The progress of wrights and articles of sale may be seen in the hands of Mr. Erskine, clerk to the signet.

There will be exposed to public roup and SALE, within the Tontine Tavern in Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 21st November, between two and three o'clock afternoon,

ONE just and equal Half, *pro indiviso*, which belonged to the deceased Mr. William Gardner, of All and Whole that Large PRINTFIELD, consisting of 46 acres or thereabout, near the village of Pollockshaw, in the parish of Eastwood, about three miles from Glasgow, commonly known by the name of the POLLOCKSHAW PRINTFIELD; and of the whole Grounds, Fens, Dwelling-houses, Office-houses, Work-houses, Machinery, and other pertinents thereof, which is very extensive, and well adapted for the Printing business, being finely situated for water upon the rivers Cart and Auldhouse-burn, and is greatly improved of late, by the new machinery erected thereon, and by the water being conducted through the fields in the best manner for working the machinery, and for Bleaching, being now secured against damage from floods.

Mr. Sutherland Colquhoun, at the Printfield, will show the premises; and the articles of roup and progress of wrights will be seen in the hands of Cland Marshall writer in Glasgow.

If this subject is not sold then, the whole Printfield, Houses, and Machinery will be set by roup to the highest bidder, for one or more years, as may be agreed upon.

Day of Sale Adjourned,  
At Desire of intending Offerers.

### SALE OF LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF PERTH,

And Intimation to Creditors.

To be Sold by roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 21st day of November 1787, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon,

THE Lands and Barony of Moness, together with the Lands of DUNDAY and BRUCE-CROFT, lying in the parish of Dull, consisting of

Acres.	Roods.	Falls.
252	1	32
213	3	31
72	3	3
219	1	Hill.

2730 1 33

The present clear rent is 3021. 4s. 7d. 9-12ths Sterling, rating the garden, orchard, and lawn round the house at 201.; and this is exclusive of a salmon fishing, a part of the hill ground on which the proprietor has been in use to pasture 300 sheep, and a wood park; which, not being set for this year, are not included in the rental. As there is only one lease upon the estate, a very considerable rise may be expected upon grafting tasks. The natural wood and planting is in a very thriving condition, and of considerable value, on the side of a very deep den, in which there are the most remarkable water falls or cascades in the Highlands, one of them 170 feet high, another 78. Aberfeldy, which is a post town and part of this estate, is increasing yearly, will yield a considerable additional rent next year, and, with attention, may become of consequence. There are two lochs on the hill, in which there are very fine trouts, and the hill abounds with muir game, and the low grounds with partridge and hares. The mansion-house was lately built (the year before last), and consists of a parlour, bed room, though set for this year, and confits of a parlour, bed room, kitchen in the ground-story. It floor, a dining room, and kitchen, drawing room 16 by 13 feet, and bed closet and lobbies—2d floor, five bed rooms, attic story, a bed room and two large garrets.

The lands of Dunday and Brucecroft hold of a subject inferior, and the barony of Moness holds lands of the Crown, and has a qualification on an old return for a vote for a member of parliament. The teinds of Moness are valued at 8 holls 3 firlets 3 1/2 perches peckable, whereof two thirds meal and one third bear, and 661. 18s. 8d. Scots of money. This estate is a very desirable situation for a summer residence, and for its natural beauties is not exceeded by any in the Highlands, as to which reference is made to Penman's Tour, vol. 3d, p. 37, quarto edition.

11.

The lands of KILLECHASSY, in the parish of Logierait, which hold of a subject superior, consisting of

Acres.	Roods.	Falls.
211	3	15
301	1	23
2	1	8
825	2	7

1342 0 13

The present free rent is 2051. 17s. 11d. 2-12ths, exclusive.

The proprietor has right to the teinds, which are valued, and nearly exhausted by the present stipend.

This estate lies on the north side of and is bounded by the river Tay, near Tay Bridge, having a south aspect, and a good deal of natural wood. The hill abounds with game, and fine trout fishing in the lochs, and salmon and trout fishing in the river Tay. No tacks on this estate; upon granting them, a very considerable rise may be expected. There is a mansion-house built in the 1777, consisting of a parlour 12 feet by 14 feet 2 inches, a bed room 12 feet by 13 feet 4 inches, kitchen, and milk-house, bed-chamber, a bed room 15 feet by 12 feet 4 inches—3d floor, a bed room 12 feet by 12 feet 6 inches, and a large garret.

III.

The lands of PITCASTLE, in the parish of Logierait, which hold of a subject superior, consisting of

Acres.	Roods.	Falls.
148	0	39
55	0	14
18	3	25
430	2	10

642 3 8

The present free rent is 741. 18s. 1d. 10-12ths Sterling. The teinds are valued, and exhausted by the present stipend. None of the tenants have leases but one; and, upon granting tacks, a rise of rent may be reasonably expected, without any outlay.

There is upon each of these estates an inexhaustible field of limestone, and a great field of moss for peats; and there is a good lime kiln already built upon Killechassy.

The progress of wrights and conditions of roup, with rentals and plats of the lands, are to be seen in the hands of Robert Stewart, writer in Edinburgh; and for further particulars apply to him, or to Alexander Nairne, accountant in Edinburgh, or Robert Stewart, Esq; of Clockfoldich, the factor, who will shew the grounds.

And, as a few of the CREDITORS of Mr STEWART FLEMING of Moness have not yet lodged their grounds of debt, and affidavits on the verity, with Mr Nairne, trustee appointed by him for behalf of his creditors, they are requested to do so without delay; and as some of the creditors have only sent their affidavits to Mr Nairne, they are also desired to lodge their grounds of debt likewise, otherwise they cannot be ranked in the division.

### EXCISE OFFICE, Edinburgh, November 7. 1787.

BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE THE COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

Here is to be exposed to Sale by public Auction, at the following Places, and on the Days after mentioned, viz.

FOR FOREIGN EXPORTATION, OR SHIP STORES				FOR HOME CONSUMPTION.			
Brandy.	Rum.	Gin.	British Spirits	Brandy.	Rum.	Gin.	Cinnamon Waters British Spirits
Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
144	—	328	—	72	84	430	—
—	—	433	—	48	135	316	—
297	—	—	—	—	—	330	—
350	—	434	—	—	—	84	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	228	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	193	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	44	10	8	—	—	266
212	—	1778	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	253	—	78	4	—	222
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	117
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
177	166	—	—	7	8	—	48
493	—	—	—	43	34	—	342
—	—	—	—	20	78	63	—
154	176	170	261	89	20	60	—
—	—	—	—	1119	57	380	—
—	—	—	—	162	144	216	—
—	—	—	—	1246	97	378	—
—	—	—	—	99	52	—	32
—	—	—	—	217	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	11	27	178	21
—	—	—	—	32	—	75	108
—	—	—	—	31	—	—	336
—	—	—	—	132	—	—	387

Note. The above Goods are to be disposed of, clear of all duties, for exportation to foreign parts, or for consumption as stores on board of vessels on foreign voyages, in casks containing 100 gallons each at the least, and in vessels exceeding 100 tons burthen; to be shipped under the like security for the due exportation or consumption thereof, as is required in the case of spirits lawfully exported or shipped for consumption on shipboard, and to be subject to re-levy and recondemnation, in case of being relanded.

Note. Dealers will take notice, that the proper officers have been directed to ascertain the strength of the above spirits for home-consumption; so that all of 2 in 6 under hydrometer proof, and lower, may be sold for private use; and all above that strength may be sold to dealers, in terms of the statute.

JOHN THOMSON  
ADAM PEARSON *Secretaries.*

### LANDS,

In the Shire of Edinburgh and Selkirk.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 24th day of December 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of BOWLAND, in the parish of Stow, and counties of Edinburgh and Selkirk.

This estate lies 27 miles south from Edinburgh, upon the great road leading to Carlisle, &c. It is agreeably situated upon the water of Gala, and within a few miles of several good market towns.

There is a commodious mansion-house upon the estate, with an excellent garden and orchard, a complete set of offices, and a well-stocked pigeon house. The parks around the house are extensive and well laid out, containing upwards of 270 acres, inclusive of about 71 acres of thriving planting, with which they are subdivided in good taste. A considerable part of the wood is full grown; the whole already fit for thinning, and old enough for most country uses.

The estate holds of the Crown, and affords two freehold.

For particulars, apply to Archibald Gibson, writer to the signet, who will show the rental, title-deeds, articles of roup, and a plan of the lands.

Thomas Watson at Corstorphine will show the grounds.

### SALE OF GOGAR,

IN ONE OR THREE LOTS.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 19th December next, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of GOGAR, lying in the parish of Corstorphine, and county of Edinburgh, and within four miles of Edinburgh.

This estate consists of upwards of 361 Scots acres, all enclosed and subdivided, and pays about 1373 l. 8s. 2d. Sterling of gross yearly rent. There is an excellent Mansion-house, Offices, and Garden upon the estate, and a considerable quantity of old and young planting. It holds a branch of the Crown, and will afford three freehold qualifications. The proprietor has right to the teinds of part of the estate, and the whole are valued, and within a few thillings of being exhausted.

If the estate is not sold in one, it will be set up in the three following Lots:

I. Or Easier Lot.—These parts of the Farms of East Craigs and Goyle, lying north of the Bathgate road, possessed by Thomas Ferguson.—That part of the Farm of West Craigs, lying south of the Linlithgow road, possessed by James Barron.—That part of the said Farm, lying north of the Linlithgow road, possessed by Captain Stewart; and that part of the Farm of Meadowfield, lying on the east of Meadowfield road, possessed by Francis Schate.

II. Or Mid Lot.—The House, garden, &c. and Old Inclosures of Gogar, with the town of Gogar, lying north of the Bathgate road, and that part of the Farm of Meadowfield, lying on the west of the Meadowfield road, possessed by James Finlay, and the remainder of the Farm of Gogar, lying south of the Bathgate road, possessed by James Ferguson, and the remainder of the Farm of Meadowfield, lying on the west of the Meadowfield road, possessed by James Finlay.

III. Or West Lot.—The Farm of Kerhill, possessed by James Barron. The Mains of Gogar, possessed by John Combe; that part of the Farm of Gogar, lying on the west of the Bathgate road, possessed by Captain Stewart; and that part of the Farm of Meadowfield, lying on the west of the Meadowfield road, possessed by James Finlay.

For these Lots, apply to James Ferguson, farmer at Gogar, and James Finlay, farmer at Meadowfield.

268 0 1 L. 426 16 0

319 0 1 510 1 8

374 1 12 l. 1373 8 2

Each of